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concert or in joint action with a judge in performing a crime, let us say that there was some criminal activity between a judge and another person, that person is not going to come in and testify, if he, himself, or she would be charged with a crime so they have a right, under the 5th amendment, to be provided immunity. But this is the same type of a law, poses the same type of a law with regard to immunity that we have on the federal and state level with regard to all criminal matters, and that is that people can be requested to testify and given immunity and, therefore, in effect, made to testify, because if they then do not testify, because they can no longer claim that they are going to be in any danger of being charged with the crime because they are given immunity. If they then refuse to testify or to be a witness before this Commission, in this case, they can then be charged with contempt. So the bill further provides, that if the witness, and this is in all criminal immunity statutes, that if the witness is able to show that a real and substantial danger exists, if the testimony will be used against him in another jurisdiction, in other words in another state in another way, then he would not or she would not be required to testify. But it is the regular criminal immunity act which gives a person the chance to do this. Now I might explain that the importance of this is that it may be the only way in which you could get testimony in order to disqualify or to remove a judge who is engaged in a criminal activity, if there is only one person who could testify against him and that person would be fearful of being charged with a crime himself or herself. There was no opposition to the bill. Judge Ben Novicoff, the presiding judge of the Workmen's Compensation Court is a member of that Commission, presented the bill, stated that it was absolutely essential to the effective operation of the Commission and I think that speaks for itself. No amendments were offered and the bill was put out with all those, except one member was absent, voting for it.

SENATOR SAVAGE: At this time, I would like to recognize Miss Kathy Keyes, a cousin of the Senator from Sarpy County, seated under the South balcony. Senator Richard Lewis.

SENATOR R. LEWIS: Mr. President, members of the Legislature, I am going to surprise Senator Luedtke because I think I am going to support this bill but I would like to direct a question to him, if I might.

SENATOR SAVAGE: Do you wish to respond, Senator Luedtke?

SENATOR LUEDTKE: Sure, I will respond, what is the question?

SENATOR R. LEWIS: I would like to ask, what is the present procedure, what provision is made for removing judges and what are the grounds?

SENATOR LUEDTKE: The grounds are almost anything and you can do it. Any citizen can make a complaint against a